

Küveltek holmasokból (2)

$$A(-2; -1; 0; 1; 2; 3; 4; 5; 6; 7; 8;)$$

$$B(6; 7; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 13)$$

$$C(11; 12; 13; 14; 15; 16; 17; 18; 19)$$

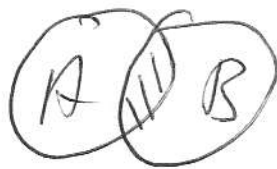
Unio:

$$A \cup B = (-2; -1; 0; 1; 2; 3; 4; 5; 6; 7; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 13)$$



Intersect:

$$B \cap C = (11; 12; 13;)$$



Kiirtorlas:

$$A \setminus B = (-2; -1; 0; 1; 2; 3; 4; 5)$$

